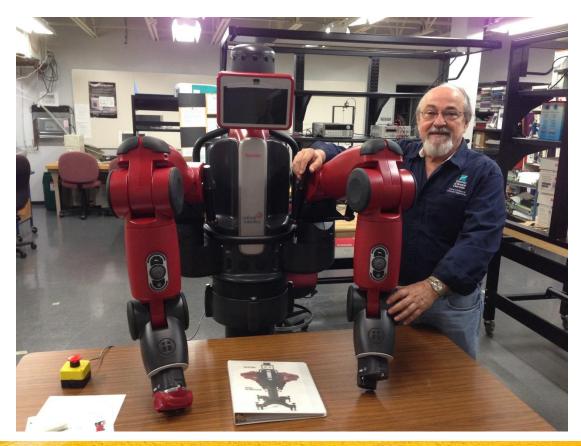
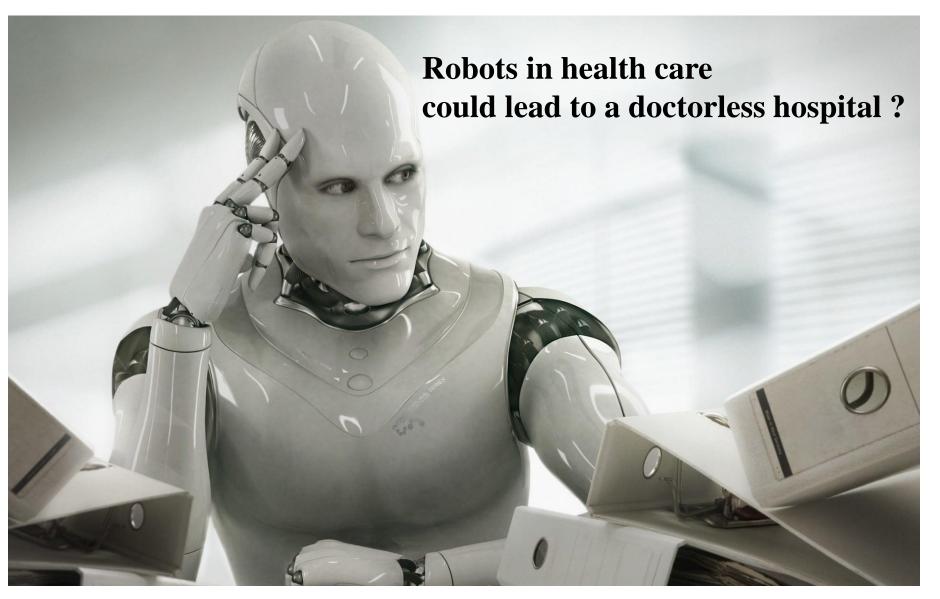
Robots in the Doctor's Office and Beyond



Thomas L. Harman, Ph.D.

Director of Center for Robotics Software, Department Chair of Engineering Professor of Computer Engineering,





10 Aug 2017

•Business

OUTLINE

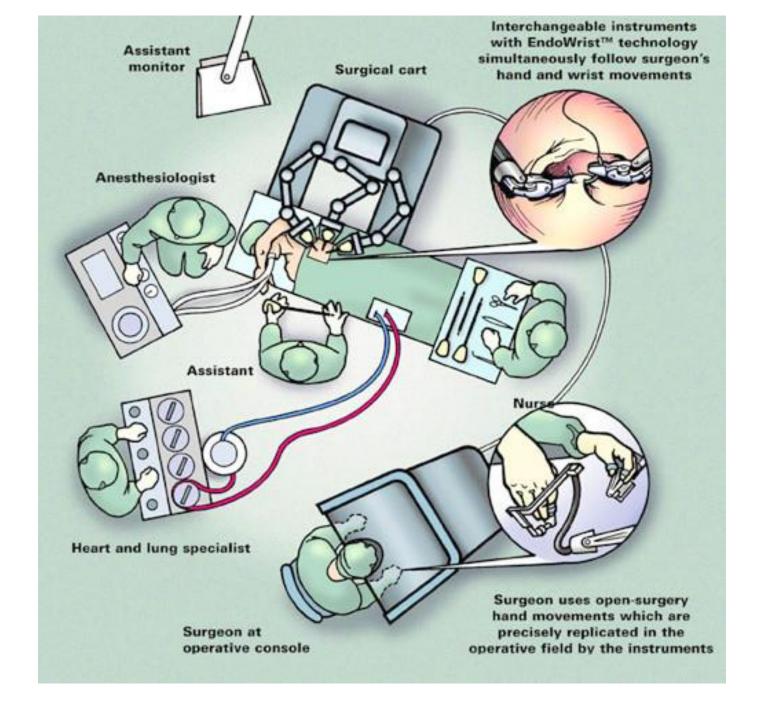
- GENERAL
- APPLICATIONS
- ROBOT SPECIFICATIONS
- RESEARCH WORK
- THE ENGINEERING CONTRIBUTION
- THE FUTURE

Brief History

- 1921 The term "robot" was first used in a play called "R.U.R." or "Rossum's Universal Robots" by the Czech writer Karel Capek. The plot was simple: man makes robot then robot kills man!
- 1941 Science fiction writer Isaac Asimov first used the word "robotics" to describe the technology of robots.
 - A robot may not injure a human being or, through inaction, allow a human being to come to harm.
 - A robot must obey orders given it by human beings except where such orders would conflict with the First Law.
 - A robot must protect its own existence as long as such protection does not conflict with the First or Second Law.
- 1958 The transition from science fiction to reality occurred in when General Motors introduced the Unimate to assist in automobile production.

APPLICATIONS

- SURGERY
- ASSISTANCE
- PROSTHETIC DEVICES
- REMOTE SURGERY & TELECOMMUNICATION
- MILITARY



Michael Yip and Nikhil Das

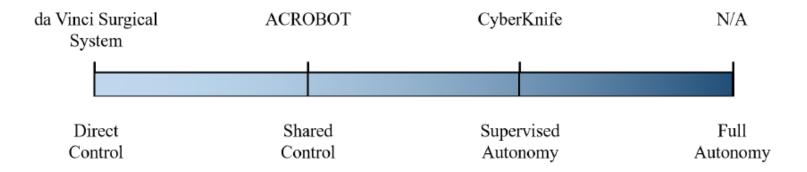


Fig. 1. Spectrum of autonomy in robotic surgery and examples of systems. There are currently no examples of surgical systems that can operate without any level of human involvement.

Michael Yip and Nikhil Das

Table 1. Advantages and disadvantages of humans and autonomous robotic systems

	0	·	
	Human	Robot	
Advantages	Good judgement Adaptable and able to improvise Able to use qualitative information Easy to train Easy communication with humans	Good mechanical precision Untiring and stable Can work in hazardous environments Multimodal sensory integration	
Disadvantages	Limited mechanical precision Prone to fatigue, tremor, inattention Cannot work in hazardous environments Limited quantitative abilities	No judgement No qualitative abilities Limited in haptic sensation Expensive	

Michael Yip and Nikhil Das

Table 2. Robotic systems with various levels of autonomy

Name	Branch of surgery	Level of Autonomy
da Vinci Surgical System	General minimally-invasive	Direct control
$\operatorname{EndoBot}$	General minimally-invasive	Direct, shared control, supervised
Trauma Pod	General	Direct control
Šensei Robotic System	Cardiac	Direct control
NeuroMate	Neurosurgery	Supervised
Probot	Urologic	Supervised
ACROBOT	Orthopedic	Shared control
RIO	Orthopedic	Shared control
Precision Freehand Sculptor	Orthopedic	Shared control
ROBODOC	Orthopedic	Supervised
CyberKnife	Radiosurgery	Supervised



Teleoperated robot-assisted surgical system for minimally invasive procedures. (Credit: Intuitive Surgical, Inc.)

UTMB daVinci System

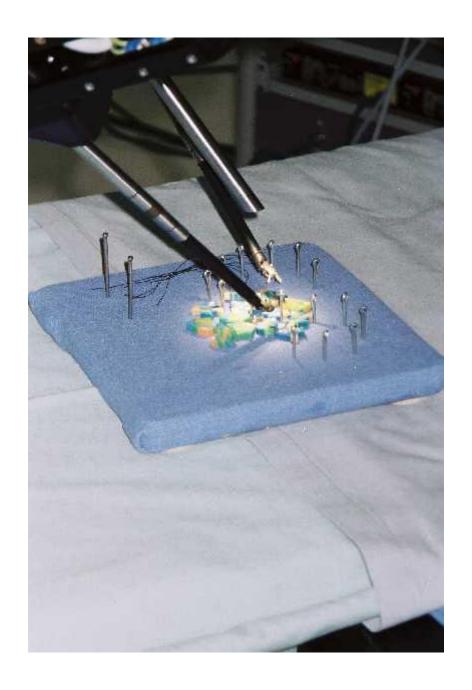


FEATURES

- TELEOPERATED BY SURGEON
- MINIMALLY INVASIVE SURGERY USING ENDOSCOPES
- PRECISE MOVEMENT OF INSTRUMENTS
- EXAMPLES: Heart valve repair; stomach surgery; cutting and suturing; prostate removal, etc.

LEVEL: Direct control







CyberKnife Radiation Treatment ACCURAY.COM

CyberKnife® is a non-invasive option for patients who have inoperable or surgically complex tumors, or who may be looking for an alternative to surgery. The CyberKnife system enables our radiation oncologists to deliver targeted, high doses of radiation to a broad range of tumors throughout the body.

Potential benefits of the CyberKnife system include:

- No incision
- •No pain
- No anesthesia or hospitalization
- •Greater comfort (patient can breathe normally during treatment)
- •Little or no recovery time
- •Immediate return to normal activities

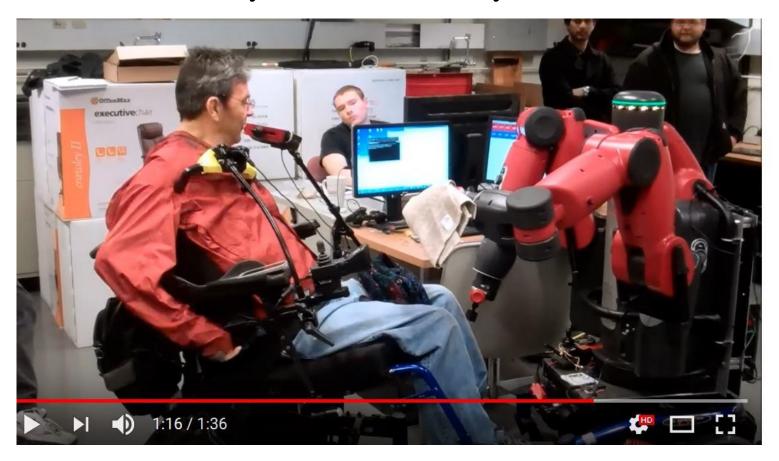


"Nurse, get on the internet, go to SURGERY.COM, scroll down and click on the 'Are you totally lost?' icon."

ASSISTANCE

- Baxter Robot Aids Handicapped
- Baxter controlled by Brain Waves
- Rodent thinks and eats!
- Robots help in the Hospital
- IBM Watson Checks your health

David Whalen using Jammster for the first time! Work done at the CATS laboratory at Rensselaer Polytechnic Institute.

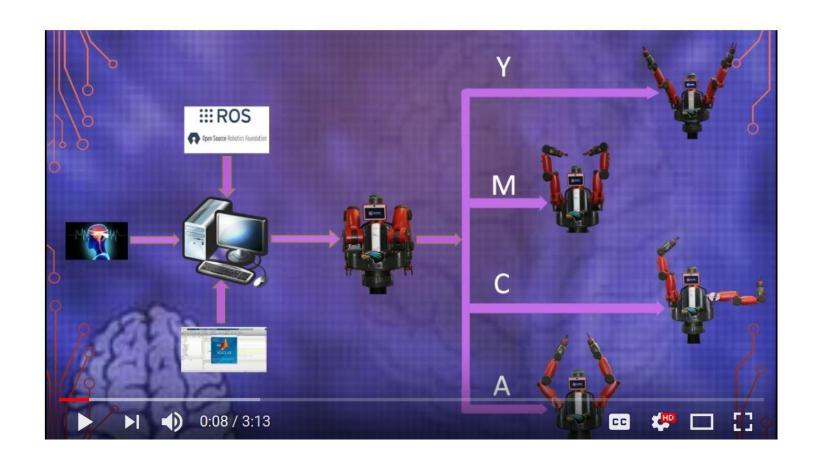


RODENT BRAINS CONTROL ARM



Rat's Brain Activity Controlled a Robot Arm

https://www.youtube.com/watch?v=RSYHQQoSIR8



Baxter's Lab UHCL









Pepper Guides you



Watson for Oncology combines leading oncologists' deep expertise in cancer care with the speed of IBM Watson to help clinicians as they consider individualized cancer treatments for their patients.

PROSTHETIC DEVICES

- ARTIFICIAL LIMBS
- ARTIFICIAL ORGANS

HISTORY

1268 Earliest recorded mention of eyeglasses

Roger Bacon made the first recorded comment on the use of lenses for optical purposes. However, by that time reading glasses made out of transparent quartz or beryl were already in use in both China and Europe.

1665 Robert Hooke calls for augmented senses

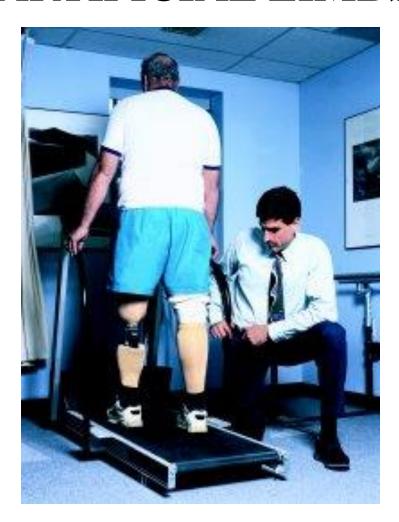
Micrographia preface 1665: "The next care to be taken, in respect of the Senses, is a supplying of their infirmities with Instruments, and as it were, the adding of artificial Organs to the natural... and as Glasses have highly promoted our seeing, so 'tis not improbable, but that there may be found many mechanical inventions to improve our other senses of hearing, smelling, tasting, and touching."

From "A History of Wearable Computers"



The History of Prosthetics

ARTIFICIAL LIMBS



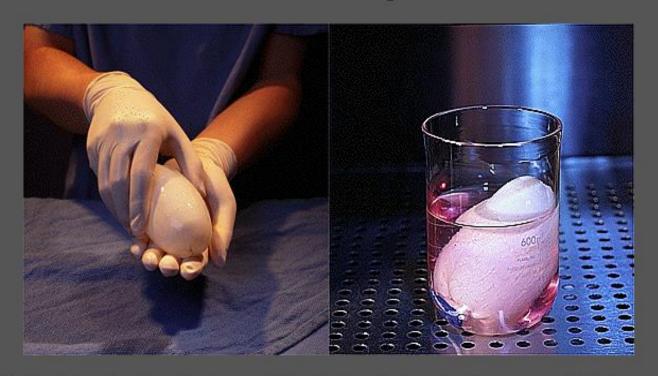
DIGITALLY CONTROLLED LEG



SANDIA LABS

In order to simulate a real leg's action when walking uphill, downhill or across uneven terrain, scientists plan to install a microprocessor-controlled module in the leg that will respond to signals from sensors placed along the foot and leg.

Artificial Organs



Artificial bladder being developed by James J. Yoo M.D., Ph.D.at the Department of Urology at Harvard Medical School.

ARTIFICIAL ORGANS



Dean Kamen Segway inventor develops neurally controlled arm.

The DEKA Arm was created by famed inventor Dean Kamen and his team at DEKA Research and Development Corp., in Manchester, N.H., as part of DARPA's Revolutionizing Prosthetics program.

The DEKA Arm, which has similar size and weight to a natural limb, relies on a combination of control inputs. The main signals come from electromyogram (EMG) electrodes, which sense electrical activity on muscles close to where the prosthesis is attached. A computer on the prosthesis receives the EMG signals and interprets them to make the fingers open or close, or change the grip configuration to let the user pick up a coin, for example.

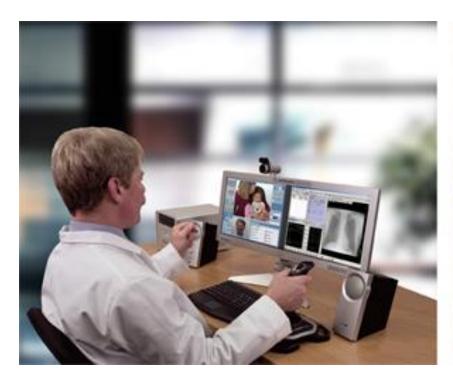
REMOTE SURGERY AND TELECOMMUNICATION

- Gall Bladder Surgery Across the Ocean
- "Dr. Robot will see you now"
- Wearable Sensors for Monitoring Health
- Technical Considerations
- Doc at a Distance Trama Pod

Lindberg Operation Patient in Strasbourg (Doctors in New York)



Dr. Robot will see you now!





Remote communication, examination and record keeping

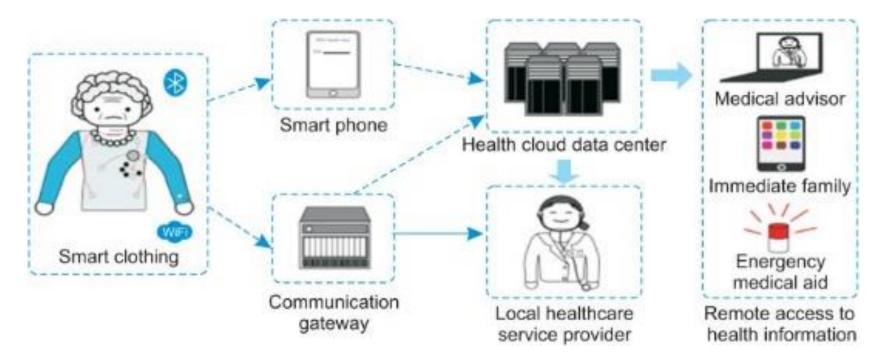




For the Patient

For the Doctors





Wearable Devices in Medical Internet of Things: Scientific Research and Commercially Available Devices

Listing of some commercial products for monitoring physiological signs and activities.

Product Name	Monitored Parameters	Wireless	Battery	
Froduct Name	Monitorea Farameters	Platform	Туре	Life
Hexoskin [®] Biometric [®] Shirt	Heart rate (HR), HR variability, respiratory rate, number of steps, distance traveled, pace, maximal oxygen consumption, and calories burned.	Bluetooth	6–7 days (standalone) 14+ h (multi-training)	
Jawbone UP3™ Fitness Tracker	Sleep stages (REM, light and deep), HR, food and liquid intake, number of steps, distance traveled, running.	Bluetooth LE	Li-ion poly	7 days
Striiv [®] Fusion Bio Fitness Tracker	HR, number of steps, distance traveled, calories burned, and sleep quality.	Bluetooth LE	Li-ion	5 days
Microsoft [®] Band 2	HR, calories burned, sleep quality, food, and liquid intake, number of steps, elevation, climbing, running, biking.	Bluetooth	Li-poly	2 days
Fitbit Charge HR™ Fitness Tracker	HR, calories burned, sleep quality, food, and liquid intake, number of steps, elevation, climbing, running.	Bluetooth LE	Li-poly	5–7 days
Garmin vivosmart [®] HR Fitness Tracker	HR, calories burned, sleep quality, number of steps, climbing, running, swimming.	Bluetooth LE, ANT+	Li-ion	5 days

Wearable Sensors for Remote Health Monitoring

Sumit Majumder, Tapas Mondal, and M. Jamal Deen

TECHNICAL CONSIDERATIONS for COMMUNICATION

- Reducing Timing Delays
- Reliability

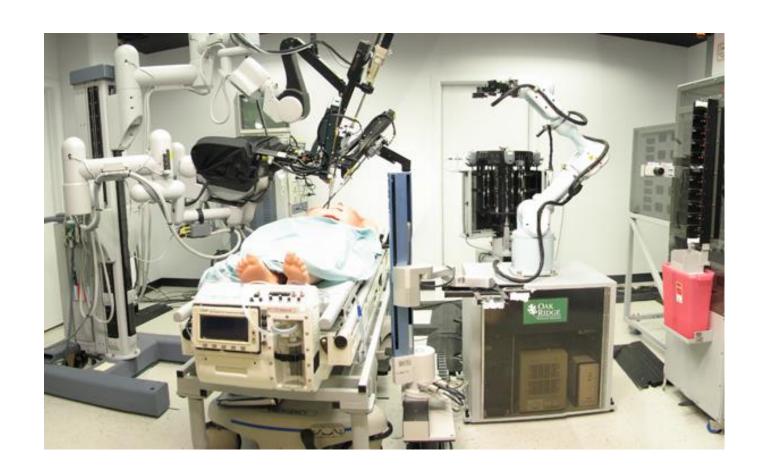
Doc at a Distance

- DARPA has funded a number of projects to create remotely operated surgery units
- The surgical robot would be controlled by a doctor at some remote location
- Trauma Pod is a prototype example

TRAMA POD







ROBOT SPECIFICATIONS

- DEXTERITY
- ACCURACY (PRECISION)
- SMALL SIZE
- FEEDBACK (Visual, Tactile)
- USER INTERFACES
- VISUAL PRESENTATION (2D, 3D, etc.)
- SAFETY

RESEARCH

- TREATMENT UHCL Example
- MINIATURE MOTOR for Precise Control
- RICE UNIVERSITY
- NASA
- UH

Early Work in Bioengineering

• J. W. Clark, E. C. Greco and T. L. Harman, "Experience with a Fourier Method for Determining the Extracellular Potential Fields of Excitable Cells with Cylindrical Geometry," Critical Reviews in Bioengineering, CRC Press, Inc., 1978

UHCL Robot Control from Sequential Image Planes of a 3D Object

S. B. Premkumar, T. L. Harman, A. G. Houston University of Houston-Clear Lake, Houston, TX

L. A. Nguyen
Lockheed Engineering and Sciences Co., Houston, TX

July 15, 1993
SPIE International Symposium on Optics, Imaging and Instrumentation.
San Diego, CA

Image Coordinates

• TRUS image data of sequencial cross-sections are obtained at 2_{mm} intervals from base to apex of the gland.

Prostate

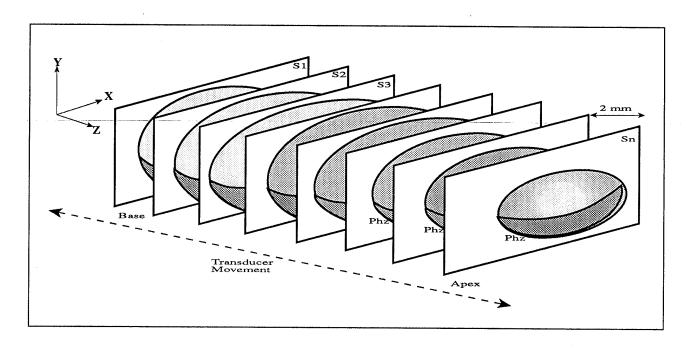


Fig 1. Sequential TRUS image planes comprise the 3D volume of the gland. Transrectal Ultrasound images of the prostate

Robot Coordinates

 Scorbot - ER VII robot system has five degrees of freedom and is mounted on a slide base. Slide base provides additional degree of freedom.

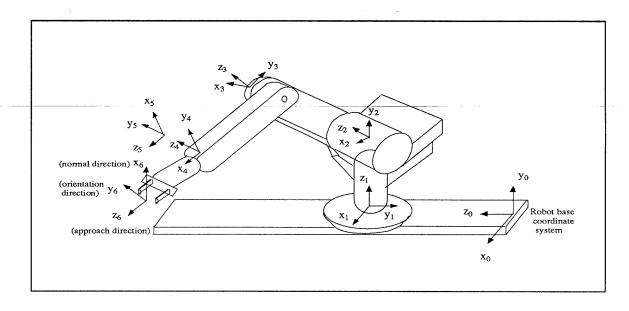


Fig 2. Scorbot - ER VII coordinates systems at various joints are shown.

Robot System



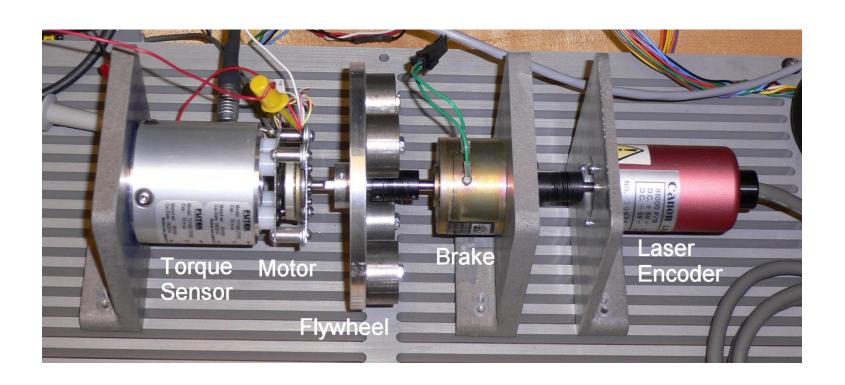
Piezoelectric Ultrasonic Motor



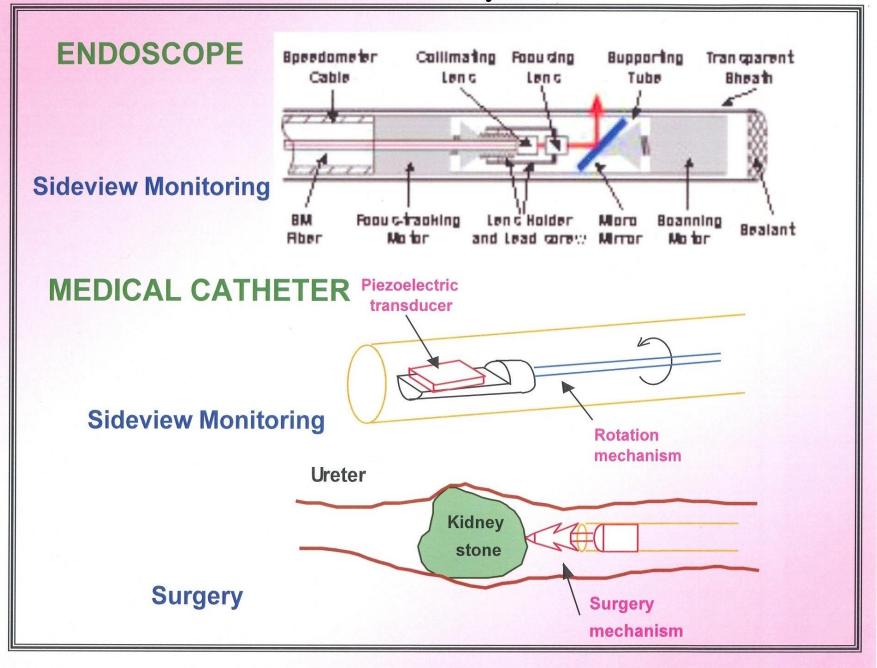
The powerful magnetic field generated by an MRI machine makes hazards of even small ferromagnetic objects like screws, let alone, motion devices like permanent magnet motors, gearboxes, and actuators. It was obvious from the outset that the MRI robot had to be based on non-traditional actuation. The answer proved to be a **piezoelectric device.**

Experimental Setup to Characterize motor

Systems Laboratory in Delta Building, Dabney and Harman



Penn State University



RICE UNIVERSITY

- Dr. Marcia O'Malley REHABILITATION
- NASA Robonaut
- Dr. Frank Tittel Optical Nose
- Dr. Aaron Becker UH Magnetic Control of nano-robots

ARM EXOSKELETON



HAPTIC FEEDBACK



STROKE REHABILITATION

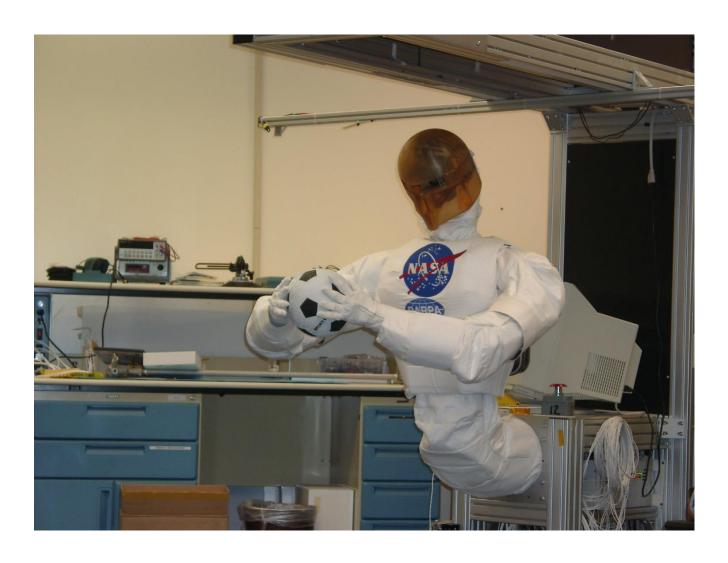
Mirror Image Movement Enabler



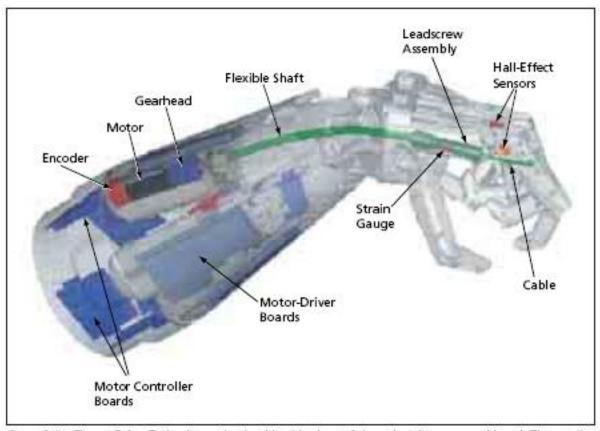
ROBONAUT JSC



ROBONAUT WITH BALL



ROBOT FOREARM JSC



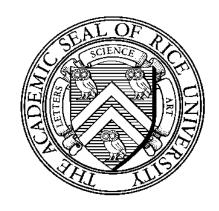
One of the Finger Drive Trains is emphasized in this view of the robot forearm and hand. The motive forces for the fingers are generated in the forearm and are transmitted to the fingers by flexible shafts, leadscrews, and cables.

OPTICAL NOSE?

Development of Quantum-Cascade Laser Based Biosensor Technology

Thomas L. Harman [UHCL] / Frank K. Tittel [Rice U] / John C. Graf [NASA-JSC] / Yury Bakhirkin [UHCL]

Master's Thesis UHCL



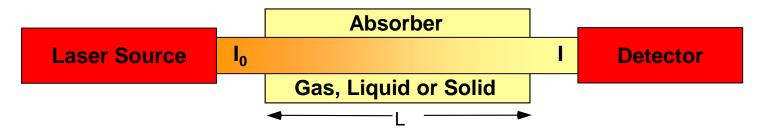
RICE UNIVERSITY

NOVEL LASER-BASED GAS SENSORS FOR TRACE GAS DETECTION IN A SPACECRAFT HABITAT BY

DARRIN PAUL LELEUX

DOCTOR OF PHILOSOPHY HOUSTON, TX APRIL, 2002

Direct Laser Absorption Spectroscopy

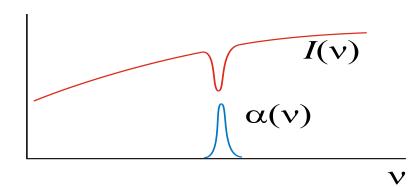


Beer-Lambert's Law of Linear Absorption

$$I(v)=I_0 \cdot e^{-\alpha(v)} \cdot P_a L$$

 $\alpha(v)$ – absorption coefficient [cm⁻¹ atm⁻¹]; L – path length [cm] v – frequency [cm⁻¹]; P_a– partial pressure [atm]

$$\alpha(v) = C \cdot S(T) \cdot g(v - v_0)$$

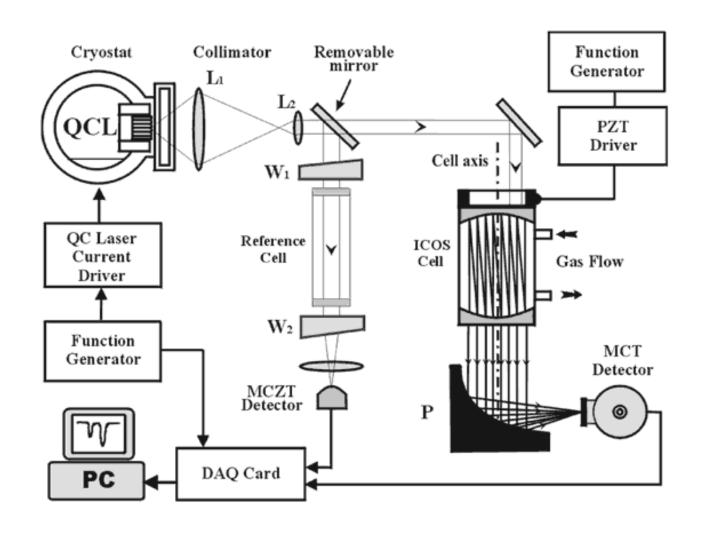


C - total number of molecules of absorbing gas/atm/cm³ [molecule·cm-³ ·atm¹]
S - molecular line intensity [cm ·molecule-¹]





EXPERIMENTAL SETUP



Target Gases – 1

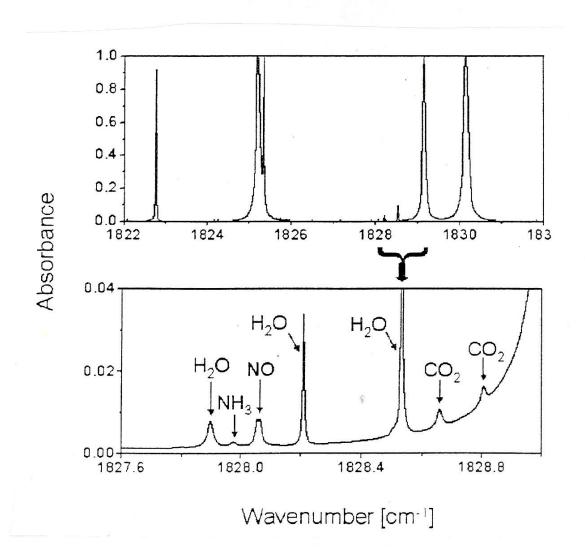
Trace

Molecule	Formula	Concentration in Breath (ppb)	Biological/Pathology Indication
Nitric Oxide	NO	6 - 100	Inflammatory and immune responses (e.g., asthma) and vascular smooth muscle response
Carbon Monoxide	CO	400 - 3000	Smoking response, CO poisoning, vascular smooth muscle response, platelet aggregation
Hydrogen Peroxide	H_2O_2	1 - 5	Airway Inflammation, Oxidative stress
Carbonyl Sulfide	OCS	100 – 1000	Liver disease and acute allograft rejection in lung transplant recipients
Formaldehyde	НСНО	400 - 1500	Cancerous tumors, breast cancer



Molecule	Formula	Trace Concentration in Breath (ppb)	Biological/ Pathology Indication
Pentane	CH ₃ (CH ₂) ₃ C H ₃	4 - 20	Lipid peroxidation, oxidative stress associated with inflammatory diseases, immune responses, transplant rejection, breast and lung cancer
Ethane	C_2H_6	3 - 100	Lipid peroxidation and oxidative stress
Carbon Dioxide isotope ratio	¹³ CO ₂ / ¹² CO ₂	4 - 5 x 10 ⁵	Marker for Helicobacter pylori infection associated with peptic ulcers and gastric cancer, drug clearances rates
Methane	CH_4	1000 - 8000	Digestive function, colonic fermentation
Ammonia	NH ₃	100 - 500	Hepatic encephalopathy, liver cirrhosis, fasting response
Acetone	C ₃ H ₆ O	1000 - 5000	Fasting response, diabetes mellitus response, ketosis

Example Scan for Exhaled Breath-Detection of Asthma and Respiratory Problems



Rice System 2002



New Circuit Board 2008 with Stephen So



Design at Rice for handheld spectrometer

Rice air sensors tested near Beijing's Olympic stadium Laser-based devices measure ozone-precursor nitric oxide



Aaron Becker, UH



Swarm control of cell-based microrobots using a single global magnetic field

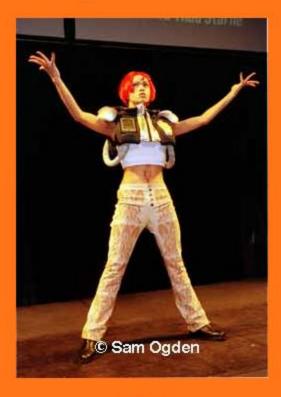
THE FUTURE

- BIONIC PEOPLE
- ROBOTIC HOSPITALS
- ROBOTS FOR HOME CARE
- MICROROBOTS, NANOROBOTS





Wearable Computer Fashion Show at MIT

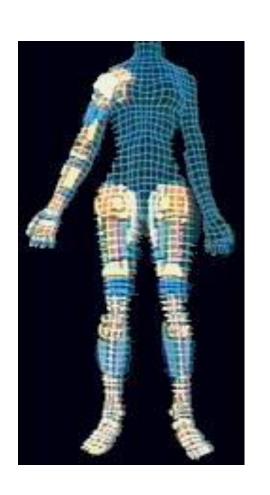


Wear it

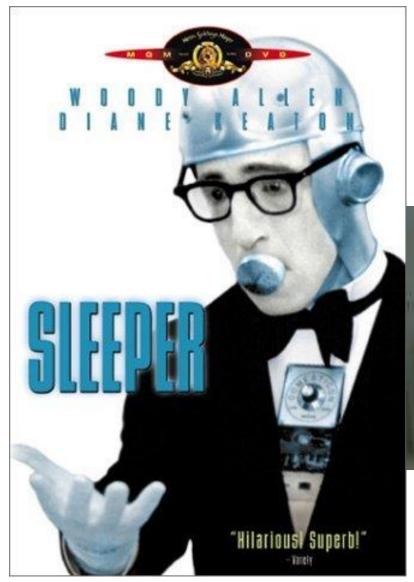
next

Back to Sam Ogden Photography

The SIX MILLION DOLLAR MAN and THE BIONIC WOMAN were inspired by the novel *Cyborg* (1972) written by Martin Caiden.



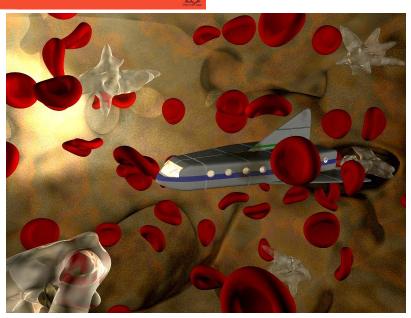


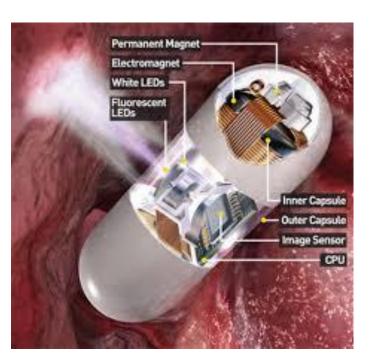




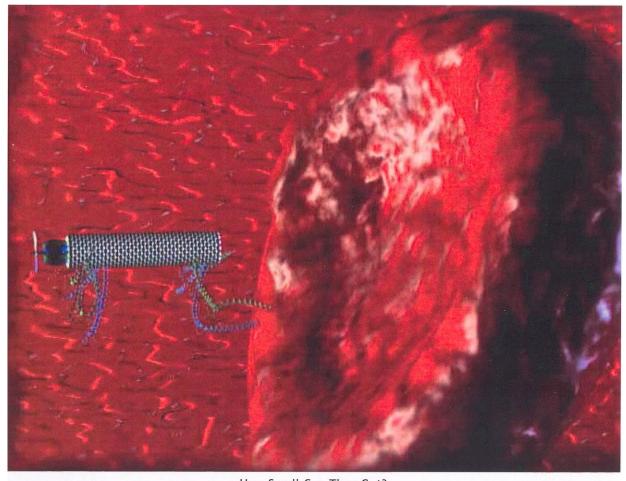


FANTASTIC VOYAGE





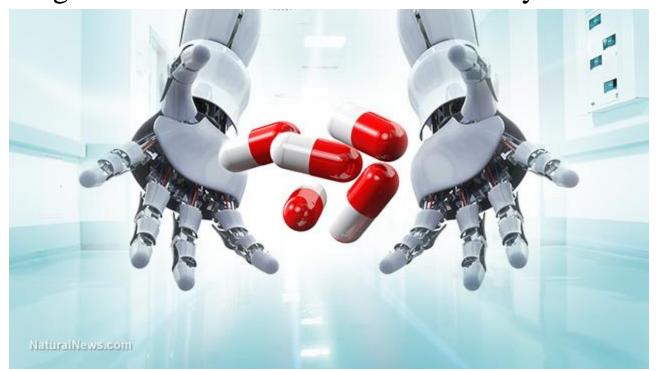
Endoscope Camera



How Small Can They Get?

By 2020, scientists at Rutgers University believe that nano-sized robots will be injected into the

Soon, <u>robotic pills</u> will usher in a new era in healthcare technology by reducing the number of surgeries altogether. Researchers are working on easy-to-swallow remote-controlled robotic pills. These pills will be able to move inside a patient's bodily fluids and deliver drugs to the desired area, conduct biopsies, film the area, and even clear clogged arteries. Exciting new robots such as <u>nanobots</u> can travel in the bloodstream with the help of light and remove tumors from the body.



ISSAC ASIMOV



300 BOOKS!

Asimov's Take on Life

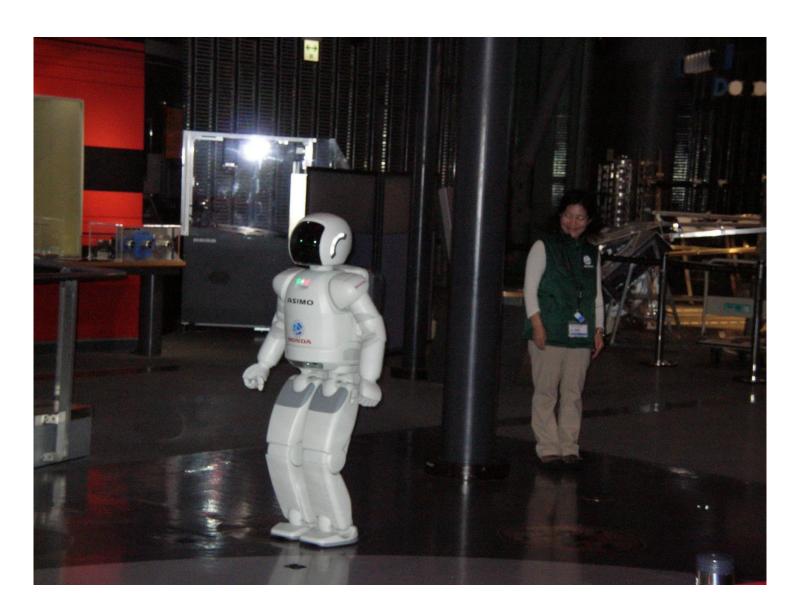
"If the doctors told me I had six months to live, I'd type a little faster."

Isaac Asimov

ENGINEERING CONTRIBUTION

- COMPUTERS AND COMMUNICATION
- MAN-MACHINE INTERFACES
- MODELING OF BIOLOGICAL SYSTEMS
- ADVANCED CONTROL METHODS
- MEMS (Micro-electromechanical Systems)





A "Better than Amateur Player"

